





ROSIN MADE SIMPLE

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Thank you for the purchase of your NugSmasher® Pro. We have designed this unit for the purpose of effortless rosin extraction for up to 1/4 pound of flower. When setting up your unit, please ensure your stand is suitable for the weight of the machine. Also note, that the unit gets hot and the high temperature hydraulic heat plates are capable of bodily injury if not used in a safe manner. (Please do not attempt to open your unit casing as this will void your factory warranty.)

While our products are sturdy and built to last, they are also heavy and shippers can be rough during handling. If there are any problems from shipping and your item does not deliver safely please contact us direct so we can resolve the matter immediately.

As always, please feel free to call us at any point with any questions or concerns at (951) 272-9800 or NugSmasher®.com/contact.

- Your release knob is packaged in foam near the heat plates and will be installed on the right side of unit towards bottom of press.
- Notice the keyed end of the release valve as it slides through side of unit and can be installed easily by looking at rear of machine under manual handle sticker.
- Rotating release knob clockwise till it is tight will allow press plates to be raised via manual handle or pneumatically with 90-100 psi air compressor (3-5) gallon small compressor is ideal. Using a water separator is recommended to minimize any water from entering the unit.
- Rotating release knob counter clockwise will allow plates to separate and open never open beyond one-half turn to release plates as damage and loss of fluid may occur.



KEEP RELEASE VALVE IN CLOSED "CLOCKWISE POSITION" WHEN NOT IN USE

Please note that under any circumstances do not turn release valve more then ½ a turn in the open (counter clockwise) direction as this will void your warranty and may result in hydraulic fluid loss. Also make sure when not in use or stored, the release valve must be in closed tight (clockwise) position.

WARNING!

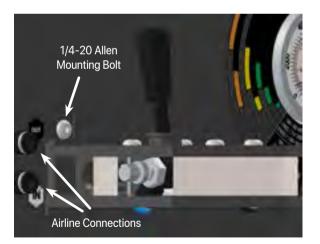
Never turn your release knob more than ½ full turn counter clock wise from tight.

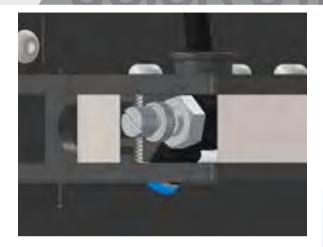




PLEASE NOTE:

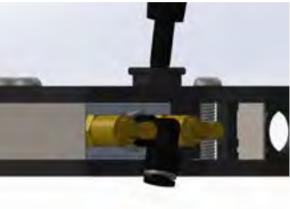
Your release knob is factory designed to be a slight upward. Your new NugSmasher Pro is equipped with a more precise joystick controlled actuator. Upon unpacking you will find the pro controller separately boxed. Please mount joystick on the front bottom left of machine with provided 1/4-20 allen bolt to mount joystick securely. There are two push connect airline connections that are labeled IN and OUT match up the airlines, and push them into connection point.





There are fine adjustments that can be made to allow unit to apply pressure in very small increments or speed up plate movement. On left side of joystick enclosure you can adjust set screw in or out and use lock nut to hold position if you have found a setting that you prefer to use all the time. As valve is screwed in less pressure will be allowed to pass through the unit which will slow plate movement and allow for fine incremental pressure application. As the valve is unscrewed you will notice the plates will raise faster and fine adjustment more difficult. It is best to test and dial in your ideal setting with nothing on the plates

before you start pressing material, take note with joystick fully towards you it stops all air application, middle setting is where you will finesse forward to add small increments and full forward would be if plates were completely down and you wanted to raise without holding it forward.



Do not adjust the copper bleed valves on right side of joystick. The new Pro has main power switch on rear of unit and then front switches to turn plates on and off, lights on and off and also has an integrated fan to help cool plates quicker after plates have been turned off. Before your unit is turned on, (If using as manual operated pump) insert handle into rear inset opening on left side of unit. Notice there is a round tube that your shaft handle will be inserted into for plate compression operation and a ¼-20 set screw to hold in place.



Set power switch to the "on" position (red circle). You will notice on your control screen there are two rows of digits. The top is the current temperature of the heat plates. The bottom is the set temperature. The Pro comes preset at 200 degrees Fahrenheit and will take approximately 10-12 minutes to reach set temperature depending on your location. The NugSmasher® Pro has 3 heating elements in each plate and top and bottom plates are individually controlled by your PID controllers, it is recommended you keep top and bottom plates at same temperature for best results.

ADJUSTING TEMPERATURE

Press the up or down arrows (green circles) to select desired temperature setting. Once you have changed to your desired temperature press the enter button (red circles) once to lock in temperature. It is not advised to go into any other programming modes as your unit has been factory preset for optimum settings. Note: US models are set for Fahrenheit and all international orders are set in Celsius unless specified otherwise.



NUG**SMASHER**®

Operation Manual

NS710 LCD Display PID Temperature Controller

1. main features

 White large characters color LCD display and new higher contrast LCD with greatly improved visibility.

Easy to Use, from Model Selection to Setup and Operation.

•The External waterproof sealing ring and the Internal waterproof sealing ring make the instrument reach the good waterproof performance.

•Plastic Handle waterproof type key, is a hard surface that won't scuff, Operation feel clear and smooth.

●Input type:K,E,J,N thermocouples and Pt100 platinum resistance freely programmable.

●Use digital calibration technology for input Measurement accuracy:0.3%FS,maximum resolution is 0.1℃.

•Use advanced artificial intelligent control algorithm, no overshoot and with the function of auto tuning (AT) and self-adaptation.

2

•With worldwide power supply of AC/DC100-240V or DC12-24V.

2. Model defined



	\cup		Ø
Code	OUT(Master output)	Code	ALM(Alarn
Ν	None	N	None
R	Relay contacts output	1	1 relay con
Q	SSR voltage output	2	2 relay con
W1	TRIAC no contact normally open output		
W2	TRIAC no contact normally closed output		

•		0
ALM(Alarm)	Code	Power
None	None	AC/DC100~240V
1 relay contact output	D	DC12-24V
2 relay contact output		

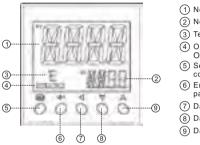
3

3. Technical parameters

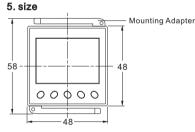
Power supply voltage	Power supply voltage AC/DC100~240V , or DC12-24V(-15%, +10%/50-60HZ)			
Operating voltage range	85% to 110% of rated supply voltage			
Power consumption	Approx. 5.2 VA at 100 to 240 VAC, Approx. 3 VA at 12 to 24 VDC			
Measurement accuracy	0.3% FS ± 1 measurement unit			
Input type and K(-50~+1300°C),E(0~800°C),J(0~1000°C),N(0~1300°C),				
Measuring range	Pt100(-200~+600°C)			
Decimal point	0,0.0			
Response time	≤0.5Sec(when digital filter parameter InF=0)			
Control mode	one-stop regulating, Intelligent Fuzzy PID algorithm			

control	Relay output	3A/250VAC 5A/30VDC
output	SSR output	12VDC/50mA(Used to drive SSR)
Elec	tromagnetic	IEC61000-4-4(Electrical Fast Transient Burst)±4KV/5KHz;
compa	tibility (EMC)	IEC61000-4-5(Surge),4KV
Lsolati		Between power,relay contact or signal terminals≥2300VDC;between
withsta	inding voltage	isolated electroweak terminals≥600V
Opera	iting Ambient	Temperature:0~60°C;Humidity≤90%RH

4. Front Panel Description



- (1) No.1 display, PV or specified parameter
- (2) No.2 display, SP or specified parameter value
- (3) Temperature unit:°C/°F
- (4) Operation indicators:
- OUT indicators, AL1 indicators, AL2 indicators
- (5) Setup key: For accessing parameter table and conforming parameter modification.
- (6) Enter key: For Confirm and change to another parameter
- (7) Data shift key
- (8) Data decrease key
- (9) Data Increase key



-60 min.

45-0----

Multiple install Cutouts

-45

15 min. 60 min.



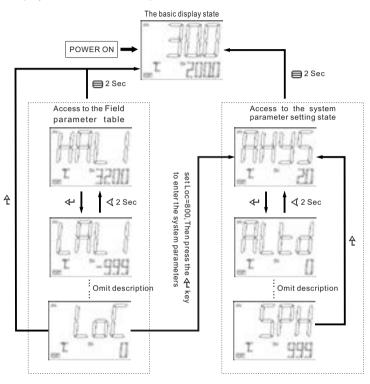
Panel thickness 1~5mm Waterproof Packing(Accessory)

Single install Cutout



45

6. Display the status and basic operation



6.1 System parameter setting

In the basic display state, press and hold \bigoplus key 2 seconds, Enter the field parameters, set the LOC = 800, Then press the \checkmark button to confirm and enter the system parameter setting state. \triangleleft , \bigtriangledown \bigtriangledown , \land , key can directly modify the parameter values. Press the \lor key to reducing the data, press the \land key to increase the data, Waiting to modify the value of the decimal point will flash (like a cursor).press key and hold, you can quickly increase / decrease in value, And the speed will be automatically accelerated. also press the \triangleleft key to move to modify the data location (cursor), the operation is more efficient. \dashv Key can be stored to modify parameter values and display the next parameter.press and hold \triangleleft key 2 seconds, and can return to the previous parameter; press and hold \bigoplus key 2 seconds can immediately exit the parameter setting state.

6.2 Set Value Setting

In the basic display state, press \triangleleft , \forall , \triangleleft key can directly modify the given value.

6.3 "At"PID Parameter auto-tuning

Press \triangleleft and hold for 2 seconds, the At parameter appears,"At" parameter "OFF" is set to "ON" and then press the \triangleleft KEy to confirm instrument can start the implementation of the autotuning Given function, the instrument in the basic display state display will flash the word "At", the instrument after 2 oscillation cycle ON-OFF control can automatically calculate the PID parameters. If you want to advance to give up auto-tuning, "At" parameter "ON" is set to "OFF" and then press \triangleleft key to confirm.

Given tuning parameter values obtained are not identical, to perform auto-tuning function, should be first given value set in The most commonly used value or middle value, if the system is good insulation properties of the furnace, the given value should be set in the system uses the maximum, and then Execute the start of the operation of auto-tuning function. Reasons to learn, auto-tuning after the initial use, the effect may not be the best, you need a period of time (usually the same time auto-tuning control) before they can get the best results.

7. Parameter list and function

7.1 Field parameters

In the basic display state, press and hold 🚍 key 2 seconds, Enter the field parameters,

Parameter code	Meaning of parameters	Explain	Setting range
HAL1	AL1 high limit alarm value	"HAL1" is the absolute value alarm or deviation value alarm, by "ALtd" parameter definition. When the value set to Max, will disable this function.(3200)	-999~ +32000
LAL1	AL1 low limit alarm value	"LAL1" is the absolute value alarm or deviation value alarm, by "ALtd" parameter definition. When the value set to Min. will disable this function.(-999)	
HAL2	AL2 high limit alarm value	"HAL1" is the absolute value alarm or deviation value alarm, by "ALtd" parameter definition. When the value set to Max. will disable this function.(3200)	
LAL2	AL2 low limit alarm value	"LAL1" is the absolute value alarm or deviation value alarm, by "ALtd" parameter definition. When the value set to Min. will disable this function.(-999)	
Srun	running state	run:Run control state StoP:Stop state, No.2 display flashing display "StoP".	run StoP
LOC	Parameter lock	LOC<9000, will automatically for 0, allowed to modify the SV Set Value. LOC>9000, are not allowed to modify the SV Set Value. Set the LOC = 800, then press $$ key to confirm, can enter the following system parameters.	0~9999

7.2 system parameter

In the field parameters, set Loc=800, Then press the 🚍 key to enter the system parameters.

AHYS	Alarm hvsteresis	Avoid frequent alarm on-off action because of the fluctuation of PV	0~2000
ALtd		ALtd=0, AL1is the deviation value alarm,AL2 is the absolute value alarm. ALtd=1, AL1 and AL2 is the absolute value alarm. ALtd=2, AL1 and AL2 is the deviation value alarm.	0~2

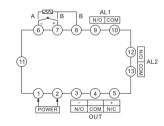
CntL	Control mode	onoF: on-off control. For situation not requiring high precision. FPId: advanced artificial intelligence "FUZZY PID" control.	onoF FPId	
orEv	Selection of heating refrigeration	onr: Reverse acting. Increase in measured variable causes a decrease in the output, such as heating control. ond: Direct acting. Increase in measured variable causes an increase in the output, such as refrigerating control.	onr ond	
Ρ	Proportional band	Proportional band in PID and APID control. Instead of percentage of the measurement range, the unit is the same as PV. Generally, optimal P, I, D and CP can obtained by auto tuning. They can also be manually inputted if you already know the correct values.	1~32000	
Ι	Integration time	No integral effect when I=0	1~9999 seconds	
d	Differential time	No derivative effect when d=0	0~3200 seconds	
CP	Control cycle	CP reflect the instrument operator to adjust the speed, the size of the CP that affect the control accuracy. With SSR, SCR output control cycle preferable to shorter, usually 0.5-3.0 Seconds. The relay switch output is generally in 15-40 sec. When the output relay switches, the CP will be limited to 3 seconds, And self-tuning At will automatically set the CP as the appropriate value, taking into account the control accuracy And mechanical switch life. When the control mode CntL = onoF, the action of the CP as an output disconnect or power-on output ON Delay time.	0.2~ 300.0	
HYS	Control hysteresis	HYS is used for on-off control to avoid frequent on-off action of relay. For a reverse acting (heating) system, when PV > SV, output turns off; when PV <sv-hys, (cooling)="" a="" acting="" direct="" for="" off;="" on.="" output="" pv="" pv<sv,="" system,="" turns="" when="">SV+HYS, output turns on.</sv-hys,>		
Int	Input Signal	Inputspec: K, E, J, N, Pt (Pt100)		
dp	Decimal point	0 (no decimal), 0.0 (one decimal place).	0 0.0	
SC	Input Shift Adjustment	Sc is used to shift input to compensate the error caused by transducer, input signal, or auto cold junction compensation of thermocouple. PV after compensation=PV before compensation + Sc It is generally set to 0. The incorrect setting will cause measurement inaccurate.	-199.9~ +400.0	
InF	PV input filter	The value of InF will determine the ability of filtering noise. When a large value is set, the measurement input is stabilized but the response speed is slow. Generally, it can be set to 1 to 3. If great interference exists, then you can increase parameter "InF" gradually to make momentary fluctuation of measured value less than 2 to 5. When the instrument is being metrological verified, "InF" s can be set to 0 or 1 to shorten the response time.	0~40	
dU	Temperature unit selection	°C: celsius equals °F: fahenheit equals	°C °F	
SvL	Low limit of SV	Minimum value that SV is allowed to be.	-999~ +3200	
SvH	Upper limit of SV	Maximum value that SV is allowed to be.		

8. default settings.

Parameter code	factory setting	Parameter code	factory setting	Parameter code	factory setting
HRL I	3200	Entl	FPId	dР	0
LRL I	- 999	orEu	onr	Sc	0
HRL2	3200	Ρ	25	l nF	2
LALS	- 999	1	200	dU	٥٢
SrUn	rUn	d	50.0	SPL	- 99
Loc	0	CP *		SPH	999
RHYS	2	HYS	2		
RLEd	0	Int	μ		

* solid state relay output type P factory is set to 20, the relay contact output type P factory set to 150.

9. Wiring diagram.



10. Note

(1) Can not normally display measured values in the display window alternating show: "orAL" character, indicating that the input of the measurement signal abnormalities or Out of range; check Int parameter settings, and then the input sensor signals are the same category, if it is determined the same, check the input sensing Signal not pick the wrong line, if it is determined to not pick the wrong line, check whether the sensor problem, replace another sensor to try.

(2) The instrument used by the local environmental temperature and humidity can not exceed the scope of the provisions, the instrument around should allow sufficient space for heat dissipation, instrument internal temperature rise due to thermal radiation will lead to a result of the measurement accuracy and service life of the affected. In this Case, to be taken to a forced cooling fan or other measures to reduce the ambient temperature.

(3) the extension or connection then the thermocouple leads should be used with the thermocouple type to match the compensation conductor; extend or connect the thermoelectric Resistance of the lead, you should use the minimal resistance of the wire and cable away from power lines and load connection, in order to avoid signal interference.

NUG**SMASHER**®

The NugSmasher[®] Pro can be used with a manual pump handle or pneumatic operation with push button actuation of plates. The NugSmasher[®] Pro requires a compressor (not included) with a minimum psi of 100 psi and 3-5 gallon air capacity. Note the larger the supply tank the less you will have your compressor cycling on and off. Attach compressor and airline to input line which comes rolled up and recessed on rear inset panel on right side of machine.



IDEAL TEMPERATURE:

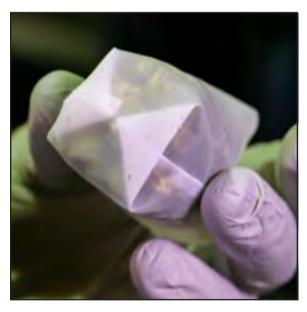
The ideal pressure and temperature will vary depending on strain and growing techniques so don't be discouraged on your results when you press new material. We recommend when pressing a new strain to start at approx. 220 degrees for flower and notate your yield results (weight of material in vs. rosin out). Perform additional test presses and drop 5-7 degrees per press until you notice your yield percentage starting to drop. Adjust back to the previous temp and that will be your ideal temp for that strain. It is advised to have a thermal temp gun to verify and check temperatures from time to time. Use our temperature test strips included with your unit (also available for purchase at NugSmasher®.com), unless in a pinch use a small piece of electrical tape as the high gloss on heat plates will affect accurate temp readings if using a thermal temp gun. (As shown in Illustration)

PRESSURE:

Once your unit reaches set temperature you're ready to start pressing. Once you have your material between **parchment paper -do not use wax paper!-**, slowly start raising plates. It is key to do this slowly to properly build heat into your material. The entire pressing process should be between 90-120 seconds depending on your strain. Your NugSmasher® Pro is most capable of over pressing your material as the mistake made most with new extractors. See, NugSmasher®.com/tools/calculator tool for pressure calculations for your NugSmasher® Pro. There are several videos available online on the NugSmasher® social Instagram account as well as the NugSmasher® YouTube channel that are very beneficial for techniques and tips of your rosin extraction. *Note:* Do not use other leverage device or foot to push manual handle down as you will cause damage not covered by warranty.

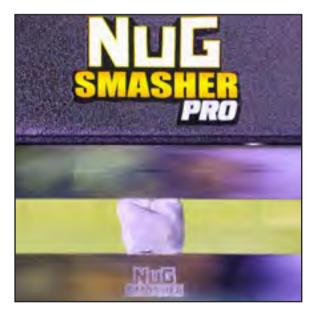
LOADING MICRON BAGS:

NugSmasher[®] extraction bags, are recommended for optimal yield and clean quality rosin. Our bags are hand-made and packaged in the USA! NugSmasher[®] extraction bags are specifically designed to work with the weight of fresh cured flower and are labeled accordingly at: 3.5 g (1.1g-3.5g), 7 g (3.6g-7g) and 14 g (7.1g-14g). This assumes the bags are loaded (BTS) or bottle/barrel-tech style (upright so that you end up with the round coin like puck once fully pressed). This perfected method allows you the ability to put the proper weight of flower into the bag and get a consistent extraction every time. This method also applies the proper pounds per square inch of pressure (PSI) on your product and eliminates the guess work.



3.5g bag (1.1g-3.5g) = 1.5"-1.6"Diameter 7g bag (3.6g-7g) = 2"-2.2"Diameter 14g bag (7.1g-14g) =2.4"-2.7"Diameter

<u>REMEMBER</u> "FIRE IN FIRE OUT!"



As the micron gets smaller the diameter gets larger, this is the reason for the variance in the diameter numbers above. We prefer to use 160 micron for fresh flower, as flower dries we go down in micron screen size (for dry flower use 90 micron). Micron size determines the diameter (surface area) of the smashed bag. For nugs 1g and smaller no bag is necessary. For more details about loading Bottle-Tech and/or Barrel-Tech style (BTS) please visit NugSmasher® on YouTube: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0osvcD7CLK0

Plate Pressure: -VS- Gauge Pressure:

Plate Pressure:

The applied plate pressure is determined by the extracted material's surface area (bag, size and quantity) and the applied pressure to the extraction (Gauge PSI Reading)

NugSmasher® Pro Consistency Chart PSI to Surface Area Bag Selection

				-		
One 3.5G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bag (BTS)	774	645	516	387	258	Gauge Reading
Two 3.5G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	1547	1289	1031	774	515	Gauge Reading
Three 3.5G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	2321	1934	1547	1160	773	Gauge Reading
One 7G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bag (BTS)	1375	1146	917	687	459	Gauge Reading
Two 7G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	2751	2292	1834	1375	917	Gauge Reading
Three 7G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	8253	6877	5502	4126	2751	Gauge Reading
One 14G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bag (BTS)	2149	1791	1432	1075	716	Gauge Reading
Two 14G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	4298	3582	2865	2149	1433	Gauge Reading
Four 14G	1500	1250	1000	750	500	PSI ON Material
Bags (BTS)	8598	7164	5731.54	4298.65	2865	Gauge Reading

Gauge Pressure:

Gauge pressure (psi) is measured from the hydraulic rams fluid pressure. This is the applied pressure and should be adjusted to the surface area to achieve optimum results.

Surface Area Key

NugSmasher[®] extraction bags, our bags are recommended or optimal yield and clean quality rosin. NugSmasher[®] extraction bags are specifically designed to work with the weight of fresh cured flower together with our extraction machines and are labeled accordingly at: 3.5g, 7g and 14g this assumes the bags are loaded (BTS) or bottle/barrel-tech style (upright so that you end up with the round coin like puck once fully pressed).

This perfected method allows you the ability to put the proper eight of flower into the bag and get a consistent extraction very time. The reason for this is that it allows for the proper pounds per square inch, pressure (PSI) on your product and eliminates the guess work.

3.5g = 1.5" Diameter = 1.77" in surface area 7g = 2"-2.2"Diameter= 3.14" in surface area 14g=2.4"-2.7"Diameter= 4.91" in surface area.

We prefer to use 160 micron for fresh flower, as flower dries we go down in micron screen size (for dry flower use 90 micron).

NOTE: As the micron gets smaller the diameter get slightly larger. Example: 90 micron is about 5% larger at the end of your extraction.

For the Pro Calculator tool, please visit, NugSmasher.com/tools

EXTRACTION EXAMPLE:



One 14g Bag

Plate Pressure 750 PSI

There is only one 3.5g bag that has the total surface area of around 1.77in^{2.}

Gauge Pressure 1074 PSI

To extract your material at 750 PSI with a surface area of 1.77in (one 14g bag) it would equal 1074 PSI on your gauge.

TOP PLATE VIEW:





Plate Pressure 750 PSI

There are two 3.5g bags that has a total combined surface area of around 3.54in^{2.}

Gauge Pressure 4298 PSI

To extract your material at 750 PSI with a surface area of 3.54in² (1.77in² for each 14g bag) you would need 4298 PSI on your gauge.



Use calculator tool for all configurations.

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- The contents of this document may be subject to change without notice.
- Due to improvement or change of this device, the description of this document could be partially different in specification, for which your understanding is requested.
- With the exception of what is provided for in the warranty provisions of NugSmasher[®], we do not assume any liability against the damages (including but not limited to the loss of profit, indirect damage, special damage or other monetary damages) arisen out of the use or failure to use this product properly. The same shall also apply to the case even if NugSmasher[®] had been notified of the possibility of arising damages in advance. As an example, we shall not be liable for any loss of material made using this product or indirect damages caused by the product.
- Use of your NugSmasher[®] press should be done in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. It is owner/users responsibility to know and understand laws and regulations regarding concentrates. NugSmasher[®] has no responsibility of how product is used and products produced with it.

- Keep away from children, pets and clothing.
- Never leave the extractor on when you go to sleep or leave the area.
- Never use or store flammable liquids (such as gasoline) around the extractor. The flammable vapors can flow from one part of the room to another and be ignited by an electrical spark.
- Place at least three feet away from objects such as bedding, furniture and drapes. Do not place where towels or other objects could fall on the extractor and start a fire.
- Use extractor on the floor or bench top. Never place on furniture, since unit may fall, which could result in a fire or shock hazard. Do not use in wet or moist places, such as bathrooms; corrosion or other damage to parts in the unit may lead to a fire or shock hazard.
- Do not hide cords under rugs or carpets. Placing anything on top of the cord or unit as it could cause the cord or machine to overheat, and can cause a fire.
- Do not use an extension cord unless absolutely necessary. Using a light-duty, household extension cord with high-wattage appliances can start a fire. If you must use an extension cord, it must be marked #14 or #12 AWG; this tells the thickness or gauge of the wire in the cord. Do not use a cord marked #16 or #18 AWG. Only use extension cords bearing the label of an independent testing laboratory such a U.L. or E.T.L.
- Be sure the plug fits snugly in the outlet. Since a loose plug can overheat, have a qualified repairman replace the worn-out plug or outlet. Since extractor draw lots of power, the cord and plug may feel warm. If the plug feels hot, unplug the heater and have a qualified repairman check for problems. Using an extractor with a hot cord or plug could start a fire.
- If a extractor is used on an outlet protected by a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) and the GFCI trips, do not assume the GFCI is broken. Because GFCIs protect the location where leakage currents can cause a severe shock, stop using the extractor and have it checked, even it if seems to be working properly.
- Broken extractor should be checked and repaired by a qualified service center. Do not attempt to repair, adjust or replace parts yourself as this will void warranty.



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